

Layered Injection Molding: A Pre-clinical evaluation of a clinical possibility

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Objective

To evaluate a predictable technique which combines layering and injection molding for easy, efficient and consistent polychromatic anterior restorations with uncompromised esthetics.

Materials and Method





Nissin 300 Series Standard Jaw Model GNR300-UL



Clear stent **Exaclear Impression Material**



Prepared diastemata

TRADITIONAL INJECTION MOULDING

B

Figure 1. Traditional injection moulding. Bonding protocol was followed (A-B). Injectable composite (G-ænial Universal Flo shade A1) was injected into the Exaclear stent (C).

LAYERED INJECTION MOULDING



Figure 2. Bonding protocol was followed and composite layering was done using 3M packable composite. The anatomy of dentin was mimicked while leaving space at the edge for a dentin free zone (A-C). Injection moulding was done using G-ænial Universal Flo shade A1 (D).

Less time consuming

More convenient



Polychromatic life-like restorations

Control over anatomic features

Monochromatic restorations Absence of histological layers

Requires skill of the practitioner

Requires knowledge of specific materials

Clinically Satisfactory

FDI CRITERIA USED FOR EVALUATION

Hickel R, Peschke A, Tyas M, Mjör I, Bayne S, Peters M, Hiller KA, Randall R, Vanherle G, Heintze SD. FDI World Dental Federation: clinical criteria for the evaluation of direct and indirect restorations-update and clinical examples. **Clin Oral** Investig. 2010 Aug;14(4):349-66.



Clinically Good



- Both techniques were found to result in similar surface lustre as this property is more dependent on finishing and polishing protocol and the material's properties.
- The overall contour and anatomy of the restorations did not vary as the same stent was used for the outermost layer.
- The teeth restored with layered injection moulding showed significantly visible internal anatomic characteristics such as mamelons and lobes.
- Layered injection moulding technique had good colour match and a clear difference in translucency in comparison with traditional injection moulding.

Conclusion

On evaluation, layered injection moulding technique was found to be more esthetic as it was stratified and replicated natural internal anatomy and translucency much better than its counterpart.